

## SAG Devanagari Unicode Keyboard (Nepal typewriter layout)

Shift	ˆ	ˆ	! ज्ञ	@ द	# घ	\$ ङ	% छ	^ ट	& ठ	* ड	( ढ	) ण	- ं	+ ˆ	Backspace			
Regular	`	ˆ	1 १	2 २	3 ३	4 ४	5 ५	6 ६	7 ७	8 ८	9 ९	0 ०	- ॰	= ॱ				
Ctrl-Alt	ˆ	ˆ	!	क्ष	घ	य	र	ज	ड	ड	॰	ण	॰	ॱ				
Shift	Tab		Q त	W ध	E भ	R च	T त	Y थ	U ग	I ष	O इ	P ए	{ (	}	)	॰		
Regular			त्र	ध	भ	च	त	थ	ग	ष	य	उ	[ र	]	रू	\ ॰		
Ctrl-Alt			ॉ	॰	ऑ	ऐ	क	-	ॐ	.	र	ऐ	{ [	}	]	\ (½-C)		
Shift	Caps Lock		A ढ	S क	D ढ	F ो	G ढ	H ङ	J ढ	K ढ	L ी	:	र	" ॰	Enter			
Regular			ब	क	म	ा	न	ज	व	प	ि	;	स	' ॰				
Ctrl-Alt			ढ	ॱ	ः	ौ	ऽ	भ	श्व	फ	ई	:	;	" ॰				
Shift	Shift			Z श	X ्	C ओ	V रु	B द	N ल	M ऊ	< ‘	> ’	? ?	Shift				
Regular				श	ह	अ	ख	द	ल	फ	,	.				/ ॱ r		
Ctrl-Alt				श्र		औ	आ	ऋ	ळ	भ	॥	.	.			/		
	Ctrl		Alt	[ space ]								Alt		Ctrl				

- To obtain stacked characters, use the halant on the backslash key, eg, क\क for क्क.
- To enter a backslash, use shift-ctrl-alt \.
- Some Ctrl-Alt combinations will not work in MS-Word. In such situations the AltGr (or right Alt) key can be used in place of Ctrl-Alt.
- The highlighted Ctrl-Alt combinations will not work in OpenOffice / LibreOffice. Those which are half characters can be obtained by keying Ctrl-Alt-\ after the corresponding full character; those which are conjuncts can be obtained by keying \ between the corresponding consonants (eg, कष for क्ष).